Attorney Docket No. BE02021.US U.S.S.N. 10/507,301

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (currently amended) A method of treating an underground formation of an oil reservoir, comprising the sequential steps of
- a) contacting the formation with an aqueous medium,
- b) contacting the underground formation with a hydrocarbon fluid,
- c) contacting the underground formation with a solvent in the form of a glycol ether,
- d) contacting the underground formation with a first consolidation constituent solution, mainly comprising a poly epoxy resin derived from bisphenols, or a poly phenolic resin (novolac resins), in a solvent mainly comprising a glycol ether, in an epoxy resin concentration of from 25 to 75% m(mass) and having a viscosity in the range of from 10 to 100 mPa.s.
- e) contacting the underground formation with second consolidation constituent substantially homogenous solution mainly comprising a curing agent in a solvent, mainly comprising a hydrocarbon fluid.—Said, said curing agent occurring in a concentration in the range of from 0.5 to 20% m(mass), and the solution having a viscosity such, that the ratio between the viscosity of the solution in step (d) and of the solution in step (e) is in the range of from 1.0 to 5.
- 2. (currently amended) Method according to The method of claim 1, wherein the epoxy resin solution is selected from a solid or liquid (at-23 deg C), at 23°C, epoxy-novolac resin-and more preferably a solid epoxy-novolac resin.
- 3. (currently amended) Method according to The method of claim 1, wherein the curing agent is selected from aliphatic polyamines, alkyl-aryl polyamines and more preferably diethylene toluene diamine (DETDA).
- 4. (new) The method of claim 2, wherein the epoxy resin solution is a solid epoxy novalac resin.